## Epellige

Spelling Scheme of Work

Welcome to The Spelling Shed Year 4 scheme of work.

## What is included?

- 36 weekly spelling lists (See contents) each based on National Curriculum spelling rules.
- For each list, you will find the following resources:
- One 20-30 minute lesson plan.
- Resources to aid the delivery of the lesson.
- One spelling practise sheet.
- One homework sheet.


## Spelling lists - Stage 4

## Spelling Rules: These words are homophones or near homophones. They have the same pronunciation but different spellings and/or meanings.

Spelling Rules: The prefix 'in-' can mean both 'not' and 'in'/'into.' In these spellings the prefix 'in-' means 'not.'

Spelling Rules: Before a root word starting with L , the 'in-' prefix becomes 'il-'. Before a root word starting with $r$ the prefix 'in-' becomes 'ir
Spelling Rules: The prefix 'sub-' which means under or below.
Spelling Rules: The prefix 'inter-' means between, amongst or during.
Challenge Words
Spelling Rules: The suffix '-ation' is added to verbs to form nouns.
Spelling Rules: The suffix '-ation' is added to verbs to form nouns.
Spelling Rules: Adding -ly to adverbs. Remembering words ending in '-y' become '-ily' and words ending in '-le' become '-ly.'

Spelling Rules: Adding '-ly' to to turn an adjective into an adverb when the final letter is 'l.' Spelling Rules: Word with the 'sh' sound spelled ch. These words are French in origin.
Challenge Words
Spelling Rules: Adding the suffix '-ion.' When the root word ends in 'd,' 'de' or 'se' then the suffix '-ion' needs to be '-sion.'

Spelling Rules: Adding the suffix-ous.' Sometimes the root word is obvious and the usual rules apply for adding suffixes beginning with vowel letters. Sometimes there is no obvious root word though.
Spelling Rules: The suffix '-ous.' The final 'e' of the root word must be kept if the sound of ' 9 ' is to be kept.
Spelling Rules: The 'ee' sound spelled with an ' i .'
Spelling Rules: The suffix '-ous.' If there is an 'ee' sound before the '-ous' ending, it is usually spelled as $i$, but a few words have e.

Challenge Words
Spelling Rules: The 'au' digraph
Spelling Rules: The suffix '-ion' when the root word ends in ' t ' or 'te' then the suffix becomes

## -tion.'

Spelling Rules: The suffix '-ion' becomes '-ssion' when the root word ends in 'ss' or 'mit Spelling Rules: The suffix '-cian' used instead of '-sion' when the root word ends in 'c' or 'cs'

Spelling Rules: Adding '-ly’ to create adverbs of manner. These adverbs describe how the verb is occurring.

Challenge Words
Spelling Rules: Homophones - words which have the same pronunciation but different meanings and/or spellings.

Spelling Rules: The /s/ sound spelled $c$ before ' $i$ ' and ' $e$ '.
Spelling Rules: Some words have similar spellings, root words and meanings. We call these word families. 'sol word family' and 'real word family'
Spelling Rules: Some words have similar spellings, root words and meanings. We call these word families. 'phon word family' and 'sign word family'

Spelling Rules: Prefixes - 'super-' ‘anti’ and ‘auto.'
Spelling Rules: The prefix bi- meaning two.
Revision - spelling rules we have learned in Stage 4.
Revision - spelling rules we have learned in Stage 4. Revision - spelling rules we have learned in Stage 4. Revision - spelling rules we have learned in Stage 4 Revision - spelling rules we have learned in Stage 4 Revision - spelling rules we have learned in Stage 4

## Epellinothso

Stage:
4
List:
1


Homophones: These words are homophones or near homophones. They have the same pronunciation but different spellings and/or meanings.

## Spellings

## accept

## except

knot

## not

## peace

piece

## plain

## plane

weather
whether

| Introduction | Ask the children what the word homophone means. Can they think of <br> any examples? Define them as words which have the same <br> pronunciation but different meanings and/or spellings. Discuss near <br> homophones have slightly different pronunciations. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Main Teaching <br> Activity | Using the PowerPoint, display each example on the whiteboard. Ask <br> the children to write down the word that they think goes in each gap. <br> After each example ask the children to share their responses and <br> discuss any errors or misconceptions. <br> Teacher can choose to reveal the two spellings before or after the <br> pupil attempts. |
| Independent <br> Activity | In small groups. One child writes a sentence with one of this week's <br> spellings missing. E.g. We travelled to France by <br> The children on their table then write down the correct spelling on <br> their whiteboards. The child who created the question shares which <br> they thought was the right question and check each others' answers. |

## My shoelaces were tied in a double _-_-

Which is the correct spelling?
not knot

## All classes went swimming Year 1.

## Which is the correct spelling?

accept
except

The bad ____ means that we may have to cancel sports day.

## Which is the correct spelling?

## The ____ swooped down low over

the airport during the air show.
Which is the correct spelling?
plane
plain

E®EMnOER=O

## Each child ate a ____ of fruit

 at break time.Which is the correct spelling?

piece<br>peace

Epeminoshso

| Spellings | 1st Attempt | 2 $^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| accept |  |  |  |
| except |  |  |  |
| knot |  |  |  |
| not |  |  |  |
| peace |  |  |  |
| piece |  |  |  |
| plain |  |  |  |
| plane |  |  |  |
| weather |  |  |  |
| whether |  |  |  |


| Spellings |
| :--- |
| accept |
| except |
| knot |
| not |
| peace |
| piece |
| plain |
| plane |
| weather |
| whether |

Write the correct spelling into each sentence.
The teacher gave everyone $a^{\ldots}$ _______ of ___-_-_-_ paper.
Tim stood at the front of assembly to $\qquad$ his prize.

I had a $\qquad$ in my shoelaces.

All was dark, _______ for a tiny candle in the corner.
I like most vegetables but $\qquad$ cauliflower.

In church the people prayed for $\qquad$ on Earth.

The $\qquad$ stopped the children playing out today.

The pilot landed his $\qquad$ safely on the runway.

The children wondered $\qquad$ they should tell their teacher.

## Eocminothso

$\mathbb{I}$


The prefix 'in-' can mean both 'not' and 'in'/'into.' In these spellings the prefix 'in-' means 'not.'

| Spellings |
| :--- |
| inactive |
| incorrect |
| invisible |
| insecure |
| inflexible |
| indefinite |
| inelegant |
| incurable |
| inability |
| inadequate |


| Introduction | Explain to the children that today's words all begin with the prefix 'in'. <br> Prefixes are added to words to change the meaning. In this case, the <br> words become the opposite of their root word e.g. active becomes <br> inactive, flexible becomes inflexible. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Ask children what the opposite of correct is, if they aren't sure then |  |
| remind them of the spelling rule. |  |$|$| Main Teaching | Using the power point, get children to write down the opposite of the <br> words on the slides by adding the prefix 'in'. <br> Activity <br> After each example ask the children to share their responses, check <br> they understand the meaning of the word and discuss any errors or <br> misconceptions. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Independent <br> Activity | Children choose five of the words from the spelling list and write a <br> sentence for each one. |
| Children then share their sentences with a partner to check if they are <br> correct. In pairs, see if children can think of any more words starting <br> with the prefix 'in'. |  |

## Write down the opposite ot:

active
inactive
correct incorrect secure insecure

## Write down the opposite ot:

visible
invisible

## Write down the opposite of:

flexible
inflexible

## Spellings

inactive
incorrect
invisible
insecure
inflexible
indefinite
inelegant
incurable
inability
inadequate

Cover your spellings up. Can you add in the missing letters from each word?


| Stage: $\mathbf{4}$ | Spelling Rules: The prefix 'in-' can mean both 'not' and 'in'/'into.' In these spellings the prefix 'in-' means <br> 'not.' |
| :--- | :--- |
| List: 2 | Name: |


| Spellings | $1^{\text {st }}$ Attempt | $2^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| inactive |  |  |  |
| incorrect |  |  |  |
| invisible |  |  |  |
| insecure |  |  |  |
| inflexible |  |  |  |
| indefinite |  |  |  |
| inelegant |  |  |  |
| incurable |  |  |  |
| inability |  |  |  |
| inadequate |  |  |  |

## Epeminothso

## Stage:

4
List:
3


Opposite Words - Before a root word starting with L, the 'in-' prefix becomes 'il-'. Before a root word starting with r the prefix 'in-' becomes 'ir-'

## Spellings

## illegal

## illegible

## immature

## immortal

impossible

## impatient

imperfect

## irregular

irrelevant
irresponsible

| Introduction | Today children will look at finding the opposite of words by adding the |
| :--- | :--- | prefix 'il', 'ir' or 'im'.

If the root word starts with 'I' then the prefix is 'il
If the root word starts with ' $r$ ' then the prefix is 'ir'
If the root word starts with ' $p$ ' or a ' $m$ ' then the prefix is ' $i m$ '.
Can children think of any words beginning with these prefixes?
Main Teaching Using the spelling rules above, get children to write down the correct Activity prefix for each of the root words on the power point slide.

Compare with a partner and then share with the class to discuss any misconceptions or mistakes.

Independent Activity

In small groups, give children the word cards. Children take it in turns to pick a card from the pile, read it out and the others in the group write it on their whiteboards. Child with the card acts as the teacher to check the spelling.

Next child then takes a card and the activity continues round the group.

If the root word starts with ' 1 ' then the prefix is 'il
If the root word starts with ' $r$ ' then the prefix is 'ir' If the root word starts with ' $p$ ' or a ' $m$ ' then the prefix is 'im'.

| legal | mature | patient | regular | responsible |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| legible | possible | mortal | perfect | relevant |

E®GMno
Print out and cut up the word cards. One set for each group.

| illegal | immature | impatient | irregular | irresponsible |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| illegible | impossible | immortal | imperfect | irrelevant |


| Spellings | $1^{\text {st }}$ Attempt | $2^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| illegal |  |  |  |
| illegible |  |  |  |
| immature |  |  |  |
| immortal |  |  |  |
| impossible |  |  |  |
| impatient |  |  |  |
| imperfect |  |  |  |
| irregular |  |  |  |
| irrelevant |  |  |  |
| irresponsible |  |  |  |


| Stage: 4 | Spelling Rules: Rules: Before a root word starting with I the 'in-' prefix becomes 'il-'. Before a root <br> word starting with $r$ the prefix 'in-' becomes 'ir-' <br> List: 3 |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Name: |


| Spellings |
| :--- |
| illegal |
| illegible |
| immature |
| immortal |
| impossible |
| impatient |
| imperfect |
| irregular |
| irrelevant |
| irresponsible |



My Sentence

## EpGling Shso

The prefix 'sub-' which means under or below.

## Spellings

## submarine

## subject

## subway

## submerge

## subtropical

subdivide
subheading
substandard
subtitle
submit

| Introduction | Explain that children are looking at words with the prefix 'sub'. Sub <br> changes the meaning of the word to mean under or below. Ask <br> children if they can think of any words that begin with the prefix 'sub' - <br> can they think why it might mean under or below? |
| :--- | :--- |
| Main Teaching <br> Activity | Speed spelling - each child to have a mini whiteboard. Choose a word <br> from the list and ask children to write in on their whiteboard and hold <br> it up to check spelling. <br> Remind children to segment the word in their head when writing to <br> include sub+ root word. <br> Discuss misconceptions. |
| Independent <br> Activity | Children to choose the correct word from the spelling list to complete <br> the sentence on the power point. <br> Check with a partner and then feed back as a class. |


| Stage: 4 | Spelling Rules: The prefix 'sub-' which means under or below. |
| :--- | :--- |
| List: 4 | Name: |


| Spellings |
| :--- |
| submarine |
| subject |
| subway |
| submerge |
| subtropical |
| subdivide |
| subheading |
| substandard |
| subtitle |
| submit |

Write the correct spelling into each sentence.

The boy said that English was his favourite $\qquad$ .

Millie liked going to her Grandma's as they got to ride on the $\qquad$ .

I saw my toy boat crash and $\qquad$ beneath the water.

The boss said the work wasn't good enough, he said it was $\qquad$ .
$\qquad$ it!

| Spellings | $1^{\text {st }}$ Attempt | $2^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| submarine |  |  |  |
| subject |  |  |  |
| subway |  |  |  |
| submerge |  |  |  |
| subtropical |  |  |  |
| subdivide |  |  |  |
| subheading |  |  |  |
| substandard |  |  |  |
| subtitle |  |  |  |
| submit |  |  |  |


| Spellings |
| :--- |
| submarine |
| subject |
| subway |
| submerge |
| subtropical |
| subdivide |
| subheading |
| substandard |
| subtitle |
| submit |

Use the sub to create the words from your spelling list. Can you think of any more?

## sub +

My own sub- words

| tropical |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| merge |  |  |
| divide |  |  |
| mit |  |  |
| title |  |  |
| marine |  |  |
| standard |  |  |
| ject |  |  |
| way |  |  |
| heading |  |  |

## EpGllig Shso

The prefix 'inter-' means between, amongst or during.

| Introduction | The prefix 'inter' is added to words to make them mean between, <br> amongst or during. <br> Ask children to partner talk for one minute to think of any words <br> beginning with the prefix 'inter'. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Main Teaching <br> Activity | To help children understand how the words mean between, amongst <br> or during, use the power point slide to get them to match up the <br> definitions with the correct word. <br> Check answers and discuss misconceptions. Children could work <br> independently or in a pair. |
| Independent <br> Activity | Get children to write the word 'international' across their mini white <br> board. Set a 7 minute timer and see who can add as many of the <br> spelling list words in to a scrabble web as possible. <br> You can use the example on the slide below if they need some support <br> getting started. <br> Feedback and if time, draw a scrabble web on the board as a class. |

## Match the definition with the meaning:

| intergalactic | A global, online computer network. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| interview |  | Relating to, or moving between, two or more galaxies in the <br> solar system. |
| international |  | A process that occurs when you want to get a job. |
| internet |  |  |



EœEMNO

| Spellings | $1^{\text {st }}$ Attempt | $2^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| interact |  |  |  |
| intercity |  |  |  |
| international |  |  |  |
| interfere |  |  |  |
| interview |  |  |  |
| intercept |  |  |  |
| intercom |  |  |  |
| internet |  |  |  |
| interchange |  |  |  |
| interface |  |  |  |


| Spellings | Ask someone to time you. Can you find your spellings hidden in the grid? How long did it take? Try it again and improve your speed! |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| interact | international | impossible | electricity | interchange |
| intercity |  |  |  |  |
| international | simplistic | interface | interact | diversity |
| interfere |  |  |  |  |
| interview | intercity | interfere | action | intercom |
| intercept |  |  |  |  |
| intercom | changeable | inactive | interspersed | internet |
| internet |  |  |  |  |
| interchange | intercept | facial | interview | interesting |
| interface |  |  |  |  |

## (II) <br> EpGling Shso

| Spellings |
| :--- |
| calendar |
| appear |
| believe |
| grammar |
| increase |
| interest |
| opposite |
| straight |
| strength |
| women |

Challenge Week
Choose an activity from the Challenge Activity Pack

| Spellings | 1 $^{\text {st }}$ Attempt | $2^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| calendar |  |  |  |
| appear |  |  |  |
| believe |  |  |  |
| grammar |  |  |  |
| increase |  |  |  |
| interest |  |  |  |
| opposite |  |  |  |
| straight |  |  |  |
| strength |  |  |  |
| women |  |  |  |


| Spellings |
| :--- |
| calendar |
| appear |
| believe |
| grammar |
| increase |
| interest |
| opposite |
| straight |
| strength |
| women |


| a | S | t | r | S | t | $r$ | e | n | g | t | h | k | $u$ | a | j |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | S | C | a | L | e | n | d | a | $r$ | q | p | c | v | $g$ | z |
| P | q | a | p | n | z | i | $g$ | h | a | i | J | d | k | 1 | S |
| b | r | $b$ | p | m | C | L | W | $\bigcirc$ | m | e | n | L | e | f | t |
| e | t | r | e | u | g | h | W | f | m | C | d | m | 9 | b |  |
| L | t | S | a | X | y | h | m | e | a | j | 0 | d | L | C | a |
| i | n | C | r | e | a | 5 | e | m | $r$ | b | k | e | f | y | i |
| e | e | $b$ | V | W | d | i | X | j | Z | a | n | k | m | h | g |
| $V$ | $f$ | 0 | p | 0 | P | p | 0 | S | i | t | e | n | W | X | h |
| e | q | u | V | g | t | $g$ | y | i | n | t | e | r | e | S | t |

Can you find your spellings hidden in this word search?

## EpGllig Shso

The suffix '-ation' is added to verbs to form nouns.

## Spellings

## information

## sensation

preparation vibration decoration donation

## duration

## registration

population determination

| Introduction | Today children will learn that adding 'ation' to verbs turns them in to nouns. <br> Ask children to partner talk for a minute to think of any words that end with <br> 'ation'. <br> Word ends in 'e' - remove e and + 'ation' <br> Word ends in 'y' - remove y and + 'ic' + 'ation' (multiply to multiplication) <br> Most other words you can just add 'ation' straight on the end. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Main Teaching <br> Activity | Using the power point slide, and following the spelling rules, children write <br> down how they think the word can be changed from a verb to a noun by <br> adding the suffix 'ation'. <br> Hold up white boards to show and discuss any errors or misconceptions. |
| Independent <br> Activity | Show children the slide with the boxes and ask them to apply the <br> spelling rules to each word and decide which box the word should go in <br> to. This can be done independently or as a pair and using whiteboards if <br> required. |

Share results and discuss any misconceptions.

## How would you add 'ationsactive this word:

inform
information
(add straight on the end)

## How would you add 'ationsation this word:

 prepare preparation(drop the e then add 'ation')

## How would you add 'ationsertiossme this word:

## determine

determination (drop the e then add 'ation')

## How would you add 'ationsertiossme this word:

## notify

notification
(drop the y then add 'ic' followed by 'ation')

## How would you add 'ationsactive this word:

## vibrate

vibration
(drop the e and add 'ation')

## Look at the root words and decide which

 spelling rule they should follow and which box Epelllioshso they should go in to:| communicate | vibrate | multiply | inform | donate | verify |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| create | populate | sense | determine | amplify | populate |



| Spellings | 1st Attempt | 2 $^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| information |  |  |  |
| sensation |  |  |  |
| preparation |  |  |  |
| vibration |  |  |  |
| decoration |  |  |  |
| donation |  |  |  |
| duration |  |  |  |
| registration |  |  |  |
| population |  |  |  |
| determination |  |  |  |



The spelling words are all nouns. Can you put them them back machine to turn them back into verbs?

E®Gllno

## Root Word

## inform

## EpGllig Shso

The suffix '-ation' is added to verbs to form nouns.

## Spellings

## adoration

## admiration

coronation detonation observation

Location
generation
exploration
combination
illustration
\(\left.\left.$$
\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { Introduction } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Today children will continue to consolidate understanding that adding } \\
\text { 'ation' to verbs turns them in to nouns. Can children remember any 'ation' } \\
\text { words from the last list? }\end{array} \\
\text { Word ends in 'e' - remove e and + 'ation' } \\
\text { Word ends in 'y' - remove y and + 'ic' + 'ation' (multiply to multiplication) } \\
\text { Most other words you can just add 'ation' straight on the end. }\end{array}
$$ \right\rvert\, $$
\begin{array}{ll}\text { Main Teaching } & \begin{array}{l}\text { All of the words in today's lists follow the same rule, ask children if they can } \\
\text { spot what it is and have a speed write on their whiteboards to write the } \\
\text { root word. See how many they can correctly write in } 3 \text { minutes. }\end{array}
$$ <br>
\hline Click the slide to check the answer. <br>

Discuss any errors or misconceptions.\end{array}\right\}\)| Independent |
| :--- |
| Activity |
| spelling list. |
| To extend children you could ask them to also write a sentence for the verb |
| form of the word. E.g. a sentence with 'location' and one with 'locate'. |

## What is the root word for each of the spellings below:

| adoration |
| :---: |
| admiration |
| coronation |
| detonation |
| observation |
| location |
| generation |
| exploration |
| combination |
| illustration |


| adore |
| :---: |
| admire |
| coronate |
| detonate |
| observe |
| locate |
| generate |
| explore |
| combine |
| illustrate |


| Spellings | $1^{\text {st }}$ Attempt | $2^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt | $3^{\text {rd }}$ Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| adoration |  |  |  |
| admiration |  |  |  |
| coronation |  |  |  |
| detonation |  |  |  |
| observation |  |  |  |
| location |  |  |  |
| generation |  |  |  |
| exploration |  |  |  |
| combination |  |  |  |
| illustration |  |  |  |

List: 8


The spelling words are all . $\begin{gathered}\text { nouns. Can you put them } \\ \text { through }\end{gathered}$


## Epellinothso

Adding -ly to adverbs. Remembering words ending in '-y' become '-ily' and words ending in '-le' become '-ly.'

| Introduction |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | O. |
| Main Teaching <br> Activity | I |

Today children are learning about adverbs that end with 'ly' - words that explain 'how' something is done. The general spelling rules are:

- If the root word end in ' $y$ ', change the ' $y$ ' to an ' $i$ ' and add 'ly
- If the root word ends in 'le', change 'le' to 'ly'
- Most other endings you just add 'ly'

Ask children if they can think of any adverbs that end with the 'ly' sound.
Using the power point slide, get children to apply the spelling rules to the list of words, drawing a line from each word to the correct form of the ending.
Children can copy the words on to a mini whiteboard or draw the lines on the IWB as a whole class.
Discuss any errors or misconceptions.
Leaving the teaching activity slide on the board, in small groups, get a child to choose a word and say what it is as an adverb. E.g. "wild is wildly".

They then write the first letter on a mini whiteboard and pass the board to their left, the next child writes the next letter of the adverb and so on until the word is complete. The child that writes the final letter checks the spelling is correct and then picks another word from the board to start again.

## Draw a line from each word to correct ending to turn these words in to adverbs:

| sad |
| :---: |
| complete |
| wild |
| brave |
| gentle |
| foolish |
| proud |
| horrible |
| nervous |
| happy |



| Spellings | 1st Attempt | 2 $^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| sadly |  |  |  |
| completely |  |  |  |
| wildly |  |  |  |
| bravely |  |  |  |
| gently |  |  |  |
| foolishly |  |  |  |
| proudly |  |  |  |
| horribly |  |  |  |
| nervously |  |  |  |
| happily |  |  |  |


| Spellings |
| :--- |
| sadly |
| completely |
| wildly |
| bravely |
| gently |
| foolishly |
| proudly |
| horribly |
| nervously |
| happily |

Create a sentence for each of your spellings.

$$
\text { You get } 1 \text { point for each spelling used correctly. For every sentence that you }
$$ can start with a spelling, you will be awarded 2 bonus points.

$\square$

## Epeclinothso



Adding '-ly' to to turn an adjective into an adverb when the final letter

| Spellings |
| :--- |
| usually |
| finally |
| beautifully |
| thoughtfully |
| wonderfully |
| carefully |
| faithfully |
| peacefully |
| cruelly |
| generally |


| Introduction | Following on from the last lesson on adding 'ly' children will learn that <br> adding 'ly' to an adjective that ends in 'l' will turn it in to an 'adverb' - 'how' <br> something is done. <br> The rule is simple - if the root word ends in 'l' you add 'ly' straight on the <br> end. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Main Teaching <br> Activity | Speed round - children complete the power-point slide as quickly as <br> possible, adding 'ly' to each of the root words to create their spelling <br> words. <br> Can be done on mini whiteboards individually or as a class with children <br> coming up to the board. |
| Independent <br> Activity | Children play spelling noughts and crosses (tic tac toe). On a mini <br> whiteboard draw a nought and crosses grid (see powerpoint slide). <br> Each child chooses a target word from the list and has to write it in one <br> of the squares next child writes their word in another, play like <br> noughts and crosses. First to get three words in a row wins that round. <br> Begin again with a new word from the list. |



Play a word version of noughts and crosses - each partner chooses a word from the spelling list and has to try and get three of their chosen word in a row. Winner has three in a row, all spelled correctly. Start again with new words.


| Spellings | 1 $^{\text {st }}$ Attempt | 2 $^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| usually |  |  |  |
| finally |  |  |  |
| beautifully |  |  |  |
| thoughtfully |  |  |  |
| wonderfully |  |  |  |
| carefully |  |  |  |
| faithfully |  |  |  |
| peacefully |  |  |  |
| cruelly |  |  |  |
| generally |  |  |  |



## EpGHing Shso

## Stage:

4
List:
11


Word with the 'sh' sound spelled ch. These words are French in origin.

| Spellings |
| :--- |
| chef |
| chalet |
| machine |
| brochure |
| parachute |
| chute |
| chaperone |
| chandelier |
| crochet |
| quiche |


| Introduction | Today children are looking at words that we have taken from the <br> French language. These words all contain a 'sh' sound which is spelled <br> 'ch'. Can the children think of any words where 'ch' sounds like 'sh'? |
| :--- | :--- |
| Main Teaching <br> Activity | Children look at the power point slide with images on - can they <br> identify any of the images and write down the words on their <br> whiteboard, remind them that if they hear 'sh' in the word then it will <br> be spelled 'ch' in these words! <br> Click once to add the clues if required. |
| Independent <br> Activity | Children to write three sentences which accurately contain two of the <br> images on the power point slide. <br> For example: |
| "The talented chef came a small town in France where he lived in a |  |
| wooden chalet." |  |

What can you see? Write down what these images are:


EœEMnoshso


$$
\mathrm{ch}_{---} \mathrm{e}_{---} \mathrm{r}
$$



| Spellings | $1^{\text {st }}$ Attempt | $2^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| chef |  |  |  |
| chalet |  |  |  |
| machine |  |  |  |
| brochure |  |  |  |
| parachute |  |  |  |
| chute |  |  |  |
| chaperone |  |  |  |
| chandelier |  |  |  |
| crochet |  |  |  |
| quiche |  |  |  |


| Spellings |
| :--- |
| chef |
| chalet |
| machine |
| brochure |
| parachute |
| chute |
| chaperone |
| chandelier |
| crochet |
| quiche |


| b | a | c | h | e | f | d | h | j | L | m | k | m | L | z | m |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| r | z | L | m | p | a | r | a | c | h | u | t | e | p | p | a |
| 0 | a | k | j | g | C | e | t | k | h | S | $b$ | q | $r$ | p | C |
| c | h | a | p | e | r | 0 | n | e | v | a | b | n | s | 0 | h |
| h | b | g | $f$ | i | n | $f$ | W | m | k | P | l | P | P | L | i |
| u | t | S | $r$ | h | a | $g$ | X | k | q | i | u | e | q | t | n |
| r | C | $r$ | 0 | c | h | e | t | j | L | m | n | 0 | t | u | e |
| e | u | V | W | e | $b$ | h | W | i | k | q | u | I | C | h | e |
| $b$ | d | C | C | h | a | n | d | e | L | i | e | $r$ | V | W | X |
| e | d | f | X | y | Z | g | i | h | j | t | C | h | u | t | e |

Can you find your spellings hidden in this word search?

## (II) <br> SpGling Shso

| Spellings |
| :--- |
| complete |
| continue |
| experiment |
| famous |
| favourite |
| February |
| naughty |
| material |
| knowledge |
| remember |

Challenge Week
Choose an activity from the Challenge Activity Pack

| Spellings | 1 $^{\text {st }}$ Attempt | 2 $^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| complete |  |  |  |
| continue |  |  |  |
| experiment |  |  |  |
| famous |  |  |  |
| favourite |  |  |  |
| February |  |  |  |
| naughty |  |  |  |
| material |  |  |  |
| knowledge |  |  |  |
| remember |  |  |  |


| Stage: 4 | Challenge Words | T. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| List: 12 | Name: | Sostineshio |


| Spellings |
| :--- |
| complete |
| continue |
| experiment |
| famous |
| favourite |
| February |
| naughty |
| material |
| knowledge |
| remember |

## Circle the 10 correct spellings below.

| complete | favrit | compleat | experriment | February | continyou |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| knowledge | Februrary | noledge | Febuary | knoledge | famoos |
| containue | continue | matirial | material | nuaghty | rememmber |
| egsperiment | mateerial | commplete | favorite | remembrer | favourite |
| famous | remember | famouse | experiment | nauhty | naughty |

## Epellinothso

Stage: 4 List: 13

Adding the suffix "-ion.' When the root word ends in 'd,' 'de' or 'se' then the suffix '-ion' needs to be '-sion.'

## Spellings

## expansion

## extension

 comprehension
## tension

## suspension

exclusion
provision
explosion
erosion invasion

| Introduction | Today's spelling list looks at adding the suffix 'sion' to words that end in 'd', <br> 'de' or 'se'. <br> If the word ends in 'd'' remove the 'd' and add 'sion' <br> If the word ends in 'se', remove the 'se' and add 'sion' <br> If the word ends in 'de', remove the 'de' and add 'sion'. <br> Can children think of any words ending with this suffix? |
| :--- | :--- |
| Main Teaching <br> Activity | Children to look at the root word and then add 'sion' by following the <br> spelling rules above, <br> Compare with a partner and then share with the class to discuss any <br> misconceptions or mistakes. |
| Independent <br> Activity | In small groups, give children the word cards. Children take it in turns to <br> pick a card from the pile, read it out and the others in the group write it on <br> their whiteboards. Child with the card acts as the teacher to check the <br> spelling. |

Next child then takes a card and the activity continues round the group.

If the word ends in 'd', remove the 'd' and add 'sion' If the word ends in 'se', remove the 'se' and add 'sion' If the word ends in 'de', remove the 'de' and add 'sion'.

| expand | extend | tense | suspend | exclude |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| provide | comprehend | explode | erode | incise |

Print out and cut up the word cards. One set for each group.

| expansion | extension | tension | suspension | exclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| provision | comprehension | explosion | erosion | incision |


| Spellings | $1^{\text {st }}$ Attempt | $2^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| expansion |  |  |  |
| extension |  |  |  |
| comprehension |  |  |  |
| tension |  |  |  |
| suspension |  |  |  |
| exclusion |  |  |  |
| provision |  |  |  |
| explosion |  |  |  |
| erosion |  |  |  |
| invasion |  |  |  |

List: 13
Name:


## Epellinothso



Adding the suffix -ous.' Sometimes the root word is obvious and the usual rules apply for adding suffixes beginning with vowel letters.

Sometimes there is no obvious root word though.

## Spellings

## poisonous

## dangerous

mountainous

## marvellous

## perilous

tremendous

## enormous

jealous

## precious

disastrous

Introduction $\quad$ Adding the suffix 'ous' turns a noun into an adjective. These rules generally apply:

- Words ending with 'e', drop 'e' and add 'ous' (adventure/adventurous)
- Words ending in 'y', replace the 'y' with 'i' plus 'ous' (fury/furious)
- Words that ends with 'our', change to 'or', then add 'ous' (humour/humorous)
Demonstrate with danger, envy and humorous.
Main Teaching See if the children can work out what words ending in 'ous' actually mean. Activity
(Tip: it means 'full of' - 'poisonous' means full of poison).
Give children a set of cards in pairs or small groups and ask them to match the noun with the adjective. Does this help them to guess what the adjective means?

Feedback matching cards and ideas for what it means.
Independent Activity

Provide the second card set to pairs, or small groups, and get children to turn them in to adjectives following the spelling rules.

You can extend some children if necessary by asking them to write a number of sentences using the newly formed adjectives.

Print out and cut up the word cards. One set for each group.

| poison | poisonous | danger | disastrous | marvel |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mountainous | dangerous | marvellous | mountains | space |
| disaster | spacious | envy | jealous | envious |

Eeminoshso
Print out and cut up the word cards. One set for each group.

| fury | fame | adventure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ridicule | luxury | peril |
| disaster | danger | outrage |


| Spellings | 1*Atempt $^{\text {a }}$ | ${ }^{\text {20AAAtemot }}$ | ${ }^{\text {3 }}$ Attempt |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| poisonus |  |  |  |
| dangerous |  |  |  |
| mountainus |  |  |  |
| manelous |  |  |  |
| perilus |  |  |  |
| tremendus |  |  |  |
| enormus |  |  |  |
| jealus |  |  |  |
| precius |  |  |  |
| disastrous |  |  |  |

Name:

| Spellings |
| :--- |
| poisonous |
| dangerous |
| mountainous |
| marvellous |
| perilous |
| tremendous |
| enormous |
| jealous |
| precious |
| disastrous |

Cover your spellings up. Can you add in the missing letters from each word?

| _an__rous | m_r_r_el_ous $^{\text {en }}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| -___lous | j__lous |
| $\mathrm{m}_{\text {_-nt__n__s }}$ | p____nous |
| tre___dous | pre__ous |
| enor____- | disa___ous |

## E®cllinothoo

Stage:
4
List:
15

## -

The suffix '-ous.' The final 'e' of the root word must be kept if the sound of ' $g$ ' is to be kept.

| Spellings |
| :--- |
| courageous |
| outrageous |
| nervous |
| famous |
| adventurous |
| advantageous |
| ridiculous |
| carnivorous |
| rapturous |
| torturous |


| Introduction | Today children are looking again at the 'ous' suffix. The added rule here is that if the ' g ' (sounded as a/j/) is to be kept then the 'e' remains on the end. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Main Teaching Activity | Ask children which of these words has a ' $g^{\prime}(/ j /)$ sound. <br> famous <br> courageous <br> nervous <br> Point out that the usual rule when adding 'ous' is to remove the 'e' from the end of the root word and add 'ous', however when the word has a ' g '/j/ sound then the ' e ' remain on the end. |
| Independent Activity | Have children write 'disadvantageous' on their mini white board and then see who can add the most spelling list words to their scrabble web in 7 minutes. Use power point slide to support students that may need a starting boost. |

Look at the root words and decide which spelling rule they should follow and which box Epelliosiso they should go in to:

| courage | fame | ridicule | nerve | outrage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| rapture | torture | disadvantage | carnivore | advantage |

# disadvantageous <br> famous 

E®cminotiso

| Spellings | 1st Attempt | 2nd Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| courageous |  |  |  |
| outrageous |  |  |  |
| nervous |  |  |  |
| famous |  |  |  |
| adventurous |  |  |  |
| advantageous |  |  |  |
| ridiculous |  |  |  |
| carnivorous |  |  |  |
| rapturous |  |  |  |
| torturous |  |  |  |


| Stage: $\mathbf{4}$ | Spelling Rules: The suffix '-ous.' The final ' e ' of the root word must be kept if the sound of ' g ' is to be kept. |
| :--- | :--- |
| List: $\mathbf{1 5}$ | Name: |


| Spellings |
| :--- |
| courageous |
| outrageous |
| nervous |
| famous |
| adventurous |
| advantageous |
| ridiculous |
| carnivorous |
| rapturous |
| torturous |

Write the correct spelling into each sentence.
The boy was sent home due to his $\qquad$ hair style.

It would be $\qquad$ to students to do their homework.

I felt $\qquad$ in my fancy-dress outfit.
$\qquad$ animals eat mostly meat.

The rock stars appeared on stage to a $\qquad$ applause.

Time ticked so slowly that it was $\qquad$ .

The $\qquad$ soldier stepped onto the battlefield.

The teacher was $\qquad$ when she met the $\qquad$ Olympian.
$\qquad$ toddlers often get lost.

## EpGling Shso

Stage: 4 List: 16

The 'ee' sound spelt with an 'i.'

## Spellings

## merriment

## happiness

plentiful penniless

## happily

## prettiest

 nastinessbeautiful
pitiful
silliness

| Introduction | Children are looking today at words which have an /ee/ sound which is <br> spelled with an 'i'. <br> Ask children if they can think of any words with an /ee/ sound. If they <br> suggest words like 'happy' then show how it can be changed to <br> 'happiness' to demonstrate the /ee/ sound spelled with an ' $i$ ' |
| :--- | :--- |
| Main Teaching <br> Activity | Use the power point slide to show the spelling list. Ask children to copy <br> the words on their whiteboards and circle the /ee/ sound in each word. <br> Feedback and discuss how the /ee/ sound is actually spelled with an ' $i$ ' |
| in these words. |  |$|$| Independent |
| :--- |
| Activity | | Get children to copy down the sentences on the power point and input |
| :--- |
| the correct word from the spelling list in to each gap. |
| Share answers. |
| Children could be extended by writing sentences for words not used |
| so far. |

Ask children to copy the words on to their white board and then circle the /ee/ sound in each word

| merriment | happiness | plentiful | penniless | pitiful |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| happily | prettiest | nastiness | beautiful | silliness |


| Stage: 4 | Spelling Rules: The 'ee' sound spelt with an ' i. ' |
| :--- | :--- |
| List: 16 |  |


| Spellings |
| :--- |
| merriment |
| happiness |
| plentiful |
| penniless |
| happily |
| prettiest |
| nastiness |
| beautiful |
| pitiful |
| silliness |

Write the correct spelling into each sentence.

The boy was filled with $\qquad$ when he saw his new bike.

The children got in to trouble because of their $\qquad$ at break time.

The dress was the most $\qquad$ thing she had ever seen.

After he bought all of the gifts, John was left $\qquad$ .

There was so much food at the party, the guests said it was $\qquad$ .

| Spellings | 1st Attempt | 2nd Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| merriment |  |  |  |
| happiness |  |  |  |
| plentiful |  |  |  |
| penniless |  |  |  |
| happily |  |  |  |
| prettiest |  |  |  |
| nastiness |  |  |  |
| beautiful |  |  |  |
| pitiful |  |  |  |
| silliness |  |  |  |

Spellings
merriment
happiness
plentiful
penniless
happily
prettiest
nastiness
beautiful

## pitiful


silliness

## E®cllinothso

Stage: 4 List: 17


The suffix '-ous.' If there is an 'ee' sound before the '-ous' ending, it is usually spelled as i, but a few words have e.

Spellings

## serious

obvious
curious
hideous
spontaneous
courteous
furious

## various

victorious
gaseous

| Introduction | If there is an /ee/ sound before the 'ous' then the sound is usually <br> spelled with an 'i' but sometimes it is spelled with an 'e' and children <br> just need to learn these tricky words. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Main Teaching <br> Activity | Speed write - children draw a line down the middle of their white <br> boards and write 'i' on one side and 'e' on the other. Show children the <br> spelling list and give them 3 minutes to correctly add as many of them <br> to the 'e' or ' i ' side of their whiteboard. <br> Discuss the outcomes and address misconceptions. |
| Independent <br> Activity | Children to work in pairs to practise writing the words, one child picks <br> a word and their partner writes it on the whiteboard. The first child <br> checks the word and then they switch roles. |

Epeming fiso
curious
hideous
spontaneous
courteous
furious
various
victorious
gaseous

| Spellings | $1^{\text {st }}$ Attempt | $2^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt | $3^{\text {rd }}$ Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| serious |  |  |  |
| obvious |  |  |  |
| curious |  |  |  |
| hideous |  |  |  |
| spontaneous |  |  |  |
| courteous |  |  |  |
| furious |  |  |  |
| various |  |  |  |
| victorious |  |  |  |
| gaseous |  |  |  |


| Stage: $\mathbf{4}$ | Spelling Rules: The suffix '-ous.' If there is an 'ee' sound before the '-ous' ending, it is usually spelled as i, <br> but a few words have e. <br> List: 17 |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Name: |


| Spellings |
| :--- |
| serious |
| obvious |
| curious |
| hideous |
| spontaneous |
| courteous |
| furious |
| various |
| victorious |
| gaseous |

Draw a line to match each spelling to its definition.

not joking or funny

> very ugly or disgusting
done without planning
the winner's feeling

## how to refer to

 a range of things
## (II) <br> EpGling Shso

| spellings |
| :--- |
| breath |
| business |
| caught |
| different |
| exercise |
| extreme |
| medicine |
| possession |
| although |
| thought |

## Challenge Week

Choose an activity from the Challenge Activity Pack

| Spellings | 1 $^{\text {st }}$ Attempt | 2 $^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| breath |  |  |  |
| business |  |  |  |
| caught |  |  |  |
| different |  |  |  |
| exercise |  |  |  |
| extreme |  |  |  |
| medicine |  |  |  |
| possession |  |  |  |
| although |  |  |  |
| thought |  |  |  |

## Spellings

| breath |
| :--- |
| business |
| caught |
| different |
| exercise |
| extreme |

medicine

```
possession
```

although
thought

| a | $r$ | h | Z | g | W | p | a | 1 | t | h | 0 | U | g | h | d |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b | $r$ | e | a | t | h | $f$ | 0 | h | $r$ | e | $r$ | h | S | k | i |
| t | b | X | 1 | g | X | j | k | S | q | C | $f$ | i | g | P | f |
| h | C | e | Y | m | C | V | n | 1 | S | 0 | m | e | d | 1 | $f$ |
| 0 | S | $r$ | n | f | a | P | n | a | m | e | b | d | a | k | e |
| U | d | C | X | b | U | S | i | n | e | S | S | Y | j | k | $r$ |
| g | q | i | e | P | g | W | V | 0 | P | y | e | S | Z | j | e |
| h | y | S | t | 0 | h | U | U | r | C | q | b | C | i | i | n |
| t | S | e | e | X | t | r | e | m | e | S | t | b | X | 0 | t |
| m | e | d | i | C | i | n | e | t | d | Z | a | V | U | W | n |

Can you find your spellings hidden in this word search?

## (II) <br> EpGllig Shso

Stage:
4
List:
19


The 'au' digraph.

## Spellings

## naughty

caught
fraught
automatic
astronaut
cause
author
applaud
taught audience

| Introduction | Children are looking at the 'au' digraph and 10 words with the /aw/ <br> sound. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Main Teaching <br> Activity | Explain to children that the digraph 'au' is pronounced like /aw/ and so <br> they need to learn whether the spelling is 'au' or 'aw'. Ask them to look <br> at the pictures on the board and see if they can work out what the 'au' <br> word is. They can draw/write them on their mini whiteboards! <br> Click to reveal the answers, highlight the 'au' sound in each word and <br> discuss any misconceptions. |
| Independent <br> Activity | Using mini whiteboard, see if the children can write one or two <br> sentences using as many of the spelling list or image words as possible. <br> For example: <br> The naughty astronaut got caught trying to set of the automatic <br> rocket launch. <br> Share the sentences and discuss! |

What word do these images show? Think of words with the 'au' sound in them

haunted

sauce

launch


August

astronaut

| Spellings | 1 $^{\text {st }}$ Attempt | $2^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| naughty |  |  |  |
| caught |  |  |  |
| fraught |  |  |  |
| automatic |  |  |  |
| astronaut |  |  |  |
| cause |  |  |  |
| author |  |  |  |
| applaud |  |  |  |
| taught |  |  |  |
| audience |  |  |  |


| Spellings |
| :--- |
| naughty |
| caught |
| fraught |
| automatic |
| astronaut |
| cause |
| author |
| applaud |
| taught |
| audience |


| cau |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| auto | ught <br> audi <br> ast <br> tau <br> nau <br> aut <br> laud <br> cau <br> app <br> fra |
| ght |  |
| ght |  |
| ronaut |  |
| hor |  |
| ghty |  |
| matic |  |

Match each half of the spellings with a straight line.

One has already been done for you.

## E®cllinothoo

Stage: 4 List: 20

The suffix '-ion' when the root word ends in 't' or 'te' then the suffix
becomes '-tion.'

| Spellings |
| :--- |
| invention |
| injection |
| action |
| hesitation |
| completion |
| stagnation |
| nomination |
| migration |
| conservation |
| selection |


| Introduction | Looking at the suffix 'ion' explain that when the root word ends with t <br> then the sound is pronounced 'shun' - 'tion'. <br> When the word ends with 'te' then the 'e' is dropped before 'ion is <br> added and the sound also becomes 'shun' - 'tion'. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Main Teaching <br> Activity | Using the power point slide ask the children to add the 'ion' suffix to <br> each root word, using the spelling rules above. Then get children to <br> check their answers with a partner and practise reading the words and <br> saying the 'shun' sound. <br> Share answers and discuss any misconceptions or mistakes. |
| Independent <br> Activity | Using the spelling list words get children to work in pairs to try and <br> find two new words that they can make from each word. For example: |
| invention - invent - vent <br> stagnation - sing - tags <br> migration - gram - tram |  |

Add the 'ion' sound to each of these words. Remember the rules:

* If the word ends in ' t ' then add 'ion' on the end
* If the word ends in 'te' then remove the 'e' then add 'ion'

| invent | inject | act | hesitate | complete |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| stagnate | nominate | migrate | conserve | select |

With a partner, check your answers and then practise pronouncing the 'shun' sound at the end of each word.

| Spellings | 1st Attempt | 2 $^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| invention |  |  |  |
| injection |  |  |  |
| action |  |  |  |
| hesitation |  |  |  |
| completion |  |  |  |
| stagnation |  |  |  |
| nomination |  |  |  |
| migration |  |  |  |
| conservation |  |  |  |
| selection |  |  |  |


| Stage: 4 | Spelling Rules: The suffix '-ion' when the root word ends in ' $t$ ' or 'te' then the suffix becomes '-tion.' |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | List: 20 |  |  | Name: |


| Spellings |
| :--- |
| invention |
| injection |
| action |
| hesitation |
| completion |
| stagnation |
| nomination |
| migration |
| conservation |
| selection |

Write the correct spelling into each sentence.
The scientist was ready to reveal his new $\qquad$ to the world.

The birds are currently starting their $\qquad$ to the South. I was worried about having an $\qquad$ from the doctor.

There was a large $\qquad$ of sweets for sale.

The new school building was nearing $\qquad$ .

After months of $\qquad$ , the two armies marched into $\qquad$ .

Three children each received a $\qquad$ for the school council.

Due to the $\qquad$ project there are now more Pandas in the wild.

## EpGling Shso

## Stage: <br> 4 <br> List:

21


The suffix '-ion' becomes '-ssion' when the root word ends in 'ss' or 'mit.'

| spellings |
| :--- |
| expression |
| discussion |
| confession |
| permission |
| admission |
| impression |
| obsession |
| procession |
| omission |
| concussion |


| Introduction | The suffix 'ion' is written as 'ssion' and pronounced with the 'shun' <br> sound when root words end in 'ss' or 'mit'. The rules are: <br> - When the root word ends in 'ss' then add 'ion' straight on the end. <br> - When the root word ends in 'mit', drop the 't' and add 'ssion'. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Main Teaching <br> Activity | The trickier spelling rule is for words ending in 'mit' so use the power <br> point slide to show children the method of dropping the 't $t$ ' and adding <br> 'ssion'. Have them complete the next three independently and then <br> check with a partner. <br> Get children to come up to the board to show you what each ? <br> represents. |
| Independent <br> Activity | Get children to pick 5 of their spelling list words and look up a <br> definition for each one. Write the word and its definition on a post it <br> note and, if possible, stick all of the post it notes on a door, window or <br> wall. See if children can use any of their spelling words in their work (or <br> conversations) during the rest of day! |

Copy the first method to complete the next three:
omit - $\mathrm{t}=\mathrm{omi}+\mathrm{ssion}=$ omission
remit - ? $=?+? \quad=$ remission
admit $-\quad ?=?+? \quad=$ admission
permit $-\quad ?=?+? \quad$ permission

| Spellings | 1 $^{\text {st }}$ Attempt | 2 $^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| expression |  |  |  |
| discussion |  |  |  |
| confession |  |  |  |
| permission |  |  |  |
| admission |  |  |  |
| impression |  |  |  |
| obsession |  |  |  |
| procession |  |  |  |
| omission |  |  |  |
| concussion |  |  |  |


| Stage: 4 | Spelling Rules: The suffix '-ion' becomes '-ssion' when the root word ends in 'ss' or 'mit.' |
| :--- | :--- |
| List: 21 | Name: |

## Spellings

| expression |
| :--- |
| discussion |
| confession |
| permission |
| admission |
| impression |
| obsession |
| procession |
| omission |
| concussion |

## Circle the 10 correct spellings below.

| concussion | imppression | espression | confesion | obsesion | permission |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| conffession | impression | permision | admission | diskussion | ommission |
| expression | obession | procession | admision | inpression | omission |
| confession | oxpresion | procesion | discussion | addmission | permizzion |
| Cover your spelling list to make the task trickier! |  |  |  |  |  |

## Epellinothso

Stage: 4 List: 22



| Spellings |
| :--- |
| musician |
| magician |
| electrician |
| politician |
| mathematician |
| technician |
| optician |
| beautician |
| physician |
| dietician |


| Introduction | Continuing with the 'shun' sound suffix, explain that sometimes it can <br> be spelled 'cian' when the root word ends in a 'c' or a 'cs'. <br> Can children think of any words that end with 'cian'? |
| :--- | :--- |
| Main Teaching <br> Activity | Give children the word cards and ask them, in pairs or threes, to sort <br> the cards in to piles, depending on their endings. <br> There should be a pile for 'cian', a pile for 'tion' and a pile for 'ssion'. <br> Discuss the words ending in 'cian' - what do children notice about <br> them? They are all occupations (jobs). |
| Independent <br> Activity | Children to use the power point slide to match jobs to their definitions, <br> they then need to write their own definition for the remaining five <br> occupations. A dictionary could be used for support if needed. |

Print out and cut up the word cards. One set for each group.

| omission | magician | permission | discussion | beautician |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| politician | transmission | occupation | injection | selection |
| confession | technician | admission | action | electrician |

List: 22

| Spellings |
| :--- |
| musician |
| magician |
| electrician |
| politician |
| mathematician |
| technician |
| optician |
| beautician |
| physician |
| dietician |

## Draw a line to match five spellings to their definition then write a definition for the missing ones.

## someone who plays an musical instrument

someone who helps teach about food and diet

a person who performs magic

## someone who

 works with electricitya person who works in politics


| Spellings | 1st Attempt | 2 $^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| musician |  |  |  |
| magician |  |  |  |
| electrician |  |  |  |
| politician |  |  |  |
| mathematician |  |  |  |
| technician |  |  |  |
| optician |  |  |  |
| beautician |  |  |  |
| physician |  |  |  |
| dietician |  |  |  |

## Spellings

| musician |
| :--- |
| magician |
| electrician |
| politician |
| mathematician |
| technician |
| optician |
| beautician |
| physician |
| dietician |

Match each spelling with the job pictured.


## Epellinothso

Stage:
4
List:
23


Adding '-ly' to create adverbs of manner. These adverbs describe how the verb is occurring.

## Spellings

## reluctantly

## quickly

generously unexpectedly gently
curiously
furiously
seriously victoriously
courteously

| Introduction | Adding ly to a creates an adverb that describes HOW the verb in the <br> sentence is being done. For example <br> The fox jumped quickly - the adverb quickly describes how the fox jumped. <br> If the root word ends in 'e' eremove the ' 'e' and add 'ly (gentle/gently) <br> If the root word ends in 'y', change the 'y' for 'i' and add 'ly'. (sleepy/sleepily) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Main Teaching <br> Activity | Show children the slide and get them to add 'ly' to change each adjective in <br> to the adverb and therefore create their spelling list. One word follows a <br> different rule (gentle/gently) can they spot it? Click twice for transitions on <br> the slide. <br> Discuss misconceptions and the spelling rules to check children <br> understand them before moving on. |
| Independent <br> Activity |  |

Add 'ly' to each of these adjectives to turn them in to adverbs there is one word that follows a different rule, can you spot it?

## reluctant <br> quick <br> generous <br> unexpected <br> gentle <br> curious <br> furious <br> serious <br> victorious <br> courteous

reluctantly
quickly
generously
unexpectedly
gently- this word is diff
curiously
furiously
seriously
victoriously
courteously

Change the words below in to adverbs by adding 'ly' and then complete the sentences using the correct word.

## reluctant quick generous unexpected gentle curious furious serious victorious courteous

The cheetah ran $\qquad$ across the dusty land.

Tommy $\qquad$ shared his sweets with his sister.
$\qquad$ , the boy peered in to the dark cupboard.

Alfie stroked his new puppy very $\qquad$ .

They had won the final match, $\qquad$ the team lifted the cup above their heads!

The girl was $\qquad$ injured when she fell off her bike.

| Spellings | 1st Attempt | 2 $^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| reluctantly |  |  |  |
| quickly |  |  |  |
| generously |  |  |  |
| unexpectedly |  |  |  |
| gently |  |  |  |
| curiously |  |  |  |
| furiously |  |  |  |
| seriously |  |  |  |
| victoriously |  |  |  |
| courteously |  |  |  |


| Spellings |
| :--- |
| reluctantly |
| quickly |
| generously |
| unexpectedly |
| gently |
| curiously |
| furiously |
| seriously |
| victoriously |
| courteously |

Choose five of these sentences to use in a sentence. Make it trickier by starting your sentence with the spelling word.
$\square$

## (II) <br> Spuling Shso

```
Stage: 4 Challenge Words
```

| spellings |
| :--- |
| group |
| height |
| particular |
| potatoes |
| separate |
| surprise |
| through |
| various |
| though |
| woman |

## Challenge Week

Choose an activity from the Challenge Activity Pack

| Spellings | 1st Attempt | 2 $^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| group |  |  |  |
| height |  |  |  |
| particular |  |  |  |
| potatoes |  |  |  |
| separate |  |  |  |
| surprise |  |  |  |
| through |  |  |  |
| various |  |  |  |
| though |  |  |  |
| woman |  |  |  |

E®Mno fiso

| Spellings |
| :--- |
| group |
| height |
| particular |
| potatoes |
| separate |
| surprise |
| through |
| various |
| though |
| woman |


|  |  | o | t |  | t |  | e | s |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | a |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | r |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | g | h |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | h |  | p |  |  |  |  | w |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | c |  |  |  |  |  |  | i |  |  |  |  | m |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | e | p | a |  | a | t |  |
|  | l |  |  |  |  |  |  | e |  |  |  |  |  |  | i |
|  | a |  | i |  | u | s |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | r |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | h |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fill in the blanks to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| complete the grid. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Epellinothso

Stage: 4 List: 25

Homophones - words which have the same pronunciation but different meanings and/or spellings.

## Spellings

## scene

## seen

whose
who's
affect
effect

## here

hear
heel
heal

| Introduction | Can the children remember what the word homophone means? Can <br> they think of any examples? Define them as words which have the <br> same pronunciation but different meanings and/or spellings. Remind <br> them how near homophones have slightly different pronunciations. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Main Teaching <br> Activity | Using the PowerPoint, display each example on the whiteboard. Ask <br> the children to write down the word that they think goes in each gap. <br> After each example ask the children to share their responses and <br> discuss any errors or misconceptions. <br> Teacher can choose to reveal the two spellings before or after the <br> pupil attempts. |
| Independent <br> Activity | In small groups. One child writes a sentence with one of this week's <br> spellings missing. E.g. We travelled to France by <br> The children on their table then write down the correct spelling on <br> their whiteboards. The child who created the question shares which <br> they thought was the right question and check each others' answers. |

It was so noisy, the boy struggled to _____ what his mum said.

## Which is the correct spelling?

here<br>hear

The teacher had lost the whiteboard rubber, she asked is anyone had

## __-_-_- it.

Which is the correct spelling?

seen

scene

# Which is the correct spelling? <br> whose <br> who's 

At last her broken arm had begun to

## The of plastic on the environment is devastating.

## Which is the correct spelling?

| Spellings | 1st Attempt | 2nd Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| scene |  |  |  |
| seen |  |  |  |
| whose |  |  |  |
| who's |  |  |  |
| affect |  |  |  |
| effect |  |  |  |
| here |  |  |  |
| hear |  |  |  |
| heel |  |  |  |
| heal |  |  |  |


| Spellings |
| :--- |
| scene |
| seen |
| whose |
| who's |
| affect |
| effect |
| here |
| hear |
| heel |
| heal |

## Choose one of your spellings to complete the sentence. Only one of the pair is correct.

The opening of the story set the $\qquad$ for the reader.
" $\qquad$ socks are these?" asked the teacher.

The medicine had an immediate $\qquad$ .

It was difficult to over the noise in the playground.

Daniel hurt his $\qquad$ playing football in the park.

## EpGling Shso

Stage: 4 List: 26

The /s/ sound spelt c before 'i' and ' e '.

## Spellings

circle

## century

centaur
circus

## princess

voice
medicine
celebrate
celery
pencil

| Introduction | Today we will look at the $/ s /$ sound when it is spelled with a ' $c$ '. This <br> occurs generally when the ' $c$ ' comes before an ' $i$ ' or an ' $e$ '. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Main Teaching <br> Activity | Show children the slide and ask them to, using mini whiteboard, sort <br> the spelling list words in to words with ' $i$ ' before ' $c$ ' and words with ' $e^{\prime}$ <br> before ' $c$ '. <br> Discuss misconceptions and check understanding. |
| Independent <br> Activity | Using the power point ask children to work independently to identify <br> the images and then spell what they are. Remind children that the ' $s$ ' <br> sound in the words will be spelled using a ' $c$ '. <br> Check answers and discuss errors or misconceptions. |

Get children to sort the spelling list words in to ones where the ' $c$ ' comes before an ' i ' and ones where the ' $c$ ' comes before an ' e '.

| circle | voice |
| :--- | :--- |
| century | medicine |
| centaur | celebrate |
| circus | celery |
| princess | pencil |



Look at the images below, can you spell what they are?

Epellioshso


| Spellings | 1st Attempt | 2nd Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| circle |  |  |  |
| century |  |  |  |
| centaur |  |  |  |
| circus |  |  |  |
| princess |  |  |  |
| voice |  |  |  |
| medicine |  |  |  |
| celebrate |  |  |  |
| celery |  |  |  |
| pencil |  |  |  |


| Stage: $\mathbf{4}$ | Spelling |
| :--- | :--- |
| List: $\mathbf{2 6}$ | Name: |

Cover your spellings for this task

| Spellings |
| :--- |
| circle |
| century |
| centaur |
| circus |
| princess |
| voice |
| medicine |
| celebrate |
| celery |
| pencil |

Marvin has scored $0 / 10$ in his spelling test.
Can you help him out by writing the correct spellings into this grid?


## Epellinothso

Stage: 4 List: 27


Some words have similar spellings, root words and meanings. We call these word families. This list contains 'sol word family' and 'real word family' words.

## Spellings

## solar

## solution

## soluble

## insoluble

dissolve
real

## reality

## realistic

unreal

| Introduction | There are words in English that have similar spellings, root words and <br> meanings and these are called word families. Today we will look at <br> words with 'sol' and words with 'real' in them. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Main Teaching <br> Activity | Speed sort! Ask children to very quickly divide their spelling list in to <br> 'sol' words and 'real' words by writing them under two headings on <br> their white boards. Give them two minutes and make sure they check <br> their spellings are correct! |
| Independent <br> Activity | Get children to work in small groups, one child picks one of the spelling <br> list words and writes the first letter on a mini whiteboard, then passes <br> the board to their left, the next child writes the next letter of the word <br> and so on until the word is complete. |
| The child that writes the final letter checks the spelling is correct and <br> then picks another word from the board to start again. |  |


| Spellings | 1 $^{\text {st }}$ Attempt | $2^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| solar |  |  |  |
| solution |  |  |  |
| soluble |  |  |  |
| insoluble |  |  |  |
| dissolve |  |  |  |
| real |  |  |  |
| reality |  |  |  |
| realistic |  |  |  |
| unreal |  |  |  |
| realisation |  |  |  |


| Spellings |
| :--- |
| solar |
| solution |
| soluble |
| insoluble |
| dissolve |
| real |
| reality |
| realistic |
| unreal |
| realisation |


| a | i | x | $r$ | p | S | r | C | t | m | u | n | $r$ | e | a | L |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $b$ | n | m | v | L | J | e | J | k | j | m | h | e | a | $g$ | z |
| s | s | 0 | i | W | h | a | h | g | i | k | f | S | d | q | n |
| 0 | 0 | V | r | e | a | L | i | S | a | t | i | $\bigcirc$ | n | d | y |
| L | L | W | X | h | m | i | d | 0 | r | h | g | L | C | e | 0 |
| u | u | t | d | i | S | S | 0 | L | V | e | W | u | b | f | X |
| t | b | S | y | j | d | t | e | a | L | $v$ | n | b | C | $g$ | p |
| 1 | L | b | k | C | q | i | e | r | $r$ | e | a | L | i | t | $y$ |
| 0 | e | n | a | z | m | c | $f$ | $g$ | U | p | t | e | L | $r$ | S |
| n | S | t | u | r | e | a | L | i | S | a | t | i | 0 | n | q |

Can you find your spellings hidden in this word search?

## Epellinothso

Stage: 4 List: 28

Some words have similar spellings, root words and meanings. We call these word families - 'phon word family' and 'sign word family' words are in this spelling list.

| spellings |
| :--- |
| phone |
| telephone |
| phonics |
| microphone |
| phonograph |
| sign |
| signature |
| assign |
| designer |
| signaller |


| Introduction | There are words in English that have similar spellings, root words and <br> meanings and these are called word families. Today we will look at <br> words with 'phone' and words with 'sign' in them. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Main Teaching <br> Activity | Using the power point slide, discuss the linking sound in today's list <br> and then ask children to come up to the board and underline the sound <br> in each word. <br> Discuss how, despite being spelled the same in each word, they can <br> still be pronounced differently e.g. sign and signature. |
| Independent <br> Activity | Children play spelling noughts and crosses (tic tac toe). On a mini <br> whiteboard draw a nought and crosses grid (see powerpoint slide). <br> Each child chooses a target word from the list and has to write it in one <br> of the squares next child writes their word in another, play like <br> noughts and crosses. First to get three words in a row wins that round. <br> Begin again with a new word from the list. |

Discuss the meanings of the words below and then ask children to come out and underline the linking sound in each word.

| phone | telephone | phonics | microphone | phonograph |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| signature | assign | sign | designer | signaller |


| spellings |
| :--- |
| phone |
| telephone |
| phonics |
| microphone |
| phonograph |
| sign |
| signature |
| assign |
| designer |
| signaller |

Play word 'tic tac toe'. In pairs, children each select a word from the list and try to write it three times (spelled correctly) in a row. After someone wins, start again with new words from the list.


| Spellings | 1st Attempt | 2 $^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| phone |  |  |  |
| telephone |  |  |  |
| phonics |  |  |  |
| microphone |  |  |  |
| phonograph |  |  |  |
| sign |  |  |  |
| signature |  |  |  |
| assign |  |  |  |
| designer |  |  |  |
| signaller |  |  |  | Today's word lists have 'phon word family' and 'sign word family' words.

List: 28

Spellings

| phone |
| :--- |
| telephone |
| phonics |
| microphone |
| phonograph |
| sign |
| signature |
| assign |
| designer |
| signaller |


| ph |
| :--- |
| telep |
| pho |
| micro |
| phono |
| si |
| signa |
| as |
| desi |
| sign |


| ture |
| :--- |
| naller |
| hone |
| gn |
| sign |
| one |
| phone |
| gner |
| nics |
| graph |

> Your spellings have been split and scrambled.

Draw a straight line to match the two parts of each spelling.

## EpGling Shso

| Spellings |
| :--- |
| supermarket |
| superman |
| superstar |
| superhuman |
| antiseptic |
| anticlockwise |
| antisocial |
| autobiography |
| autograph |
| automatic |


| Introduction | Today children will look at using the prefixes 'super', 'anti' and 'auto' |
| :--- | :--- |
| Main Teaching <br> Activity | Using the power point slide, show children a root word. Ask them to <br> write the prefix they think goes with it on their whiteboard and get <br> them thold their whiteboards up. Ask a child to try and use the word in <br> a sentence. |
| Independent <br> Activity | Give children the list of root words and the three prefix cards, in pairs <br> get them to match the root word with the prefix and then write them <br> on their white boards. There are additional words to just the spelling <br> list words so a dictionary may be needed to check answers. Some <br> words are not clear root words but will become a word once the prefix <br> is added e.g. sticious/supersticious. |

# Which prefix would accompany this word?: 

## market

## supermarket

Use it in a sentence!

# Which prefix would accompany this word?: 

## septic

## antiseptic

Use it in a sentence!

# Which prefix would accompany this word?: 

## biography

autobiography

Use it in a sentence!

# Which prefix would accompany this word?: 

star

## superstar

Use it in a sentence!

# Which prefix would accompany this word?: 

## clockwise

## anticlockwise

Use it in a sentence!

Print out and cut up the word cards. One set for each group.

| anti | super | auto | mobile | septic |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| human | histamine | social | naturel | biography |
| pilot | stitious | graph | woman | virus |
| model | market | cipation | matic | focus |


| Spellings | 1 $^{\text {st }}$ Attempt | 2 $^{\text {nd }}$ Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| supermarket |  |  |  |
| superman |  |  |  |
| superstar |  |  |  |
| superhuman |  |  |  |
| antiseptic |  |  |  |
| anticlockwise |  |  |  |
| antisocial |  |  |  |
| autobiography |  |  |  |
| autograph |  |  |  |
| automatic |  |  |  |


| Spellings |
| :--- |
| supermarket |
| superman |
| superstar |
| superhuman |
| antiseptic |
| anticlockwise |
| antisocial |
| autobiography |
| autograph |
| automatic |



## EpGling Shso

Stage: 4 List: 30
Stage: 4 List: 30

栘
The prefix bi- meaning two

| spellings |
| :--- |
| bicycle |
| biplane |
| biped |
| bicentennial |
| biannual |
| bilingual |
| bicuspid |
| biceps |
| binoculars |
| bisect |


| Introduction | Explain that the prefix 'bi' means two. Can children think of any words <br> that begin with 'bi'? Discuss any suggestions and see if you can work <br> out how the word two is relevant - e.g. bicycle means two wheels, <br> bilingual means two languages. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Main Teaching <br> Activity | Using the power point slide, get children to add the prefix 'bi' to each <br> of the words to create a new word on their whiteboards. <br> To extend children you could ask them to use three of the words in a <br> sentence. <br> Feedback words and sentences to check for accuracy and <br> understanding. |
| Independent <br> Activity | Children to complete the definition for five of their spelling list words, <br> using a dictionary. Children could work independently or in pairs. |
| Children could be extended by looking up other 'bi' words in the <br> dictionary, writing two definitions for it (one correct and one made up), <br> they could then test the class to see which one they think is correct <br> (like Balderdash). |  |

lingual
Eesminesteo



| Spellings | 1st Attempt | 2nd Attempt | 3rd Attempt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| bicycle |  |  |  |
| biplane |  |  |  |
| biped |  |  |  |
| bicentennial |  |  |  |
| biannual |  |  |  |
| bilingual |  |  |  |
| bicuspid |  |  |  |
| biceps |  |  |  |
| binoculars |  |  |  |
| bisect |  |  |  |


| Spellings |
| :--- |
| bicycle |
| biplane |
| biped |
| bicentennial |
| biannual |
| bilingual |
| bicuspid |
| biceps |
| binoculars |
| bisect |

Add the bi-prefix to create these new words. Highlight the 10 that are your spellings.

| bi + ceps $=$ |  | bi + cycle $=$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| bi + ennial $=$ |  | bi + noculars $=$ |  |
| bi + plane $=$ |  | bi + valve $=$ |  |
| bi + annual $=$ |  | bi + sect $=$ |  |
| bi + focal $=$ |  | bi + lateral $=$ |  |
| bi + ped $=$ |  | bi + mi + lingunthly $=$ |  |
| bi + athlete $=$ |  |  |  |
| bi + cuspid $=$ |  |  |  |

